

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 6859

January Session, 2025



AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES AND PUBLIC PROTECTION'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING CERTAIN EVIDENCE AND RECORDS, FIREARM INFORMATION, SECURITY GUARDS, FIREARM TRANSFERS AND SCHOOL SECURITY GRANTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (d) of section 19a-112a of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
- 3 1, 2025):
- 4 (d) Each health care facility in the state that provides for the collection
- 5 of sexual assault evidence shall follow the protocol adopted under
- 6 subsection (b) of this section, contact a sexual assault counselor, as
- 7 defined in section 52-146k, when a person who identifies himself or
- 8 herself as a victim of sexual assault arrives at such health care facility
- 9 and, with the consent of the victim, shall collect sexual assault evidence.
- 10 After the collection of any evidence, the health care facility shall contact
- 11 a law enforcement agency to receive the evidence. Not later than ten
- 12 days after the collection of the evidence, the law enforcement agency
- shall transfer the evidence, in a manner that maintains the integrity of
- 14 the evidence, to the Division of Scientific Services within the
- 15 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection. [or the
- 16 Federal Bureau of Investigation laboratory. If the evidence is transferred

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to the division, the <u>The</u> division shall analyze the evidence not later than sixty days after the collection of the evidence or, if the victim chose to remain anonymous and not report the sexual assault to the law enforcement agency at the time of collection, shall hold the evidence for at least five years after the collection of the evidence. If a victim reports the sexual assault to the law enforcement agency after the collection of the evidence, such law enforcement agency shall notify the division that a report has been filed not later than five days after filing such report and the division shall analyze the evidence not later than sixty days after receiving such notification. The division shall hold any evidence received and analyzed pursuant to this subsection until the conclusion of [any criminal proceedings] the division's analysis of the evidence. Upon the conclusion of such analysis, the division shall transfer the evidence, in a manner that maintains the integrity of the evidence, to the law enforcement agency that collected the evidence. The law enforcement agency that collected the evidence shall hold the evidence until the conclusion of any criminal proceedings. The failure of (1) a law enforcement agency to transfer the evidence to the division not later than ten days after the collection of the evidence, [or] (2) the division to analyze the evidence not later than sixty days after the collection of the evidence or after receiving a notification from a law enforcement agency, or (3) the division to transfer the evidence to the law enforcement agency that collected the evidence, shall not affect the admissibility of the evidence in any suit, action or proceeding if the evidence is otherwise admissible. The failure of any person to comply with this section or the protocol shall not affect the admissibility of the evidence in any suit, action or proceeding if the evidence is otherwise admissible.

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- Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 46b-124 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):
- (d) Records of cases of juvenile matters involving delinquency proceedings shall be available to (1) Judicial Branch employees who, in the performance of their duties, require access to such records, (2) judges

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51 and employees of the Probate Court who, in the performance of their 52 duties, require access to such records, and (3) employees and authorized 53 agents of municipal, state or federal agencies involved in (A) the 54 delinquency proceedings, (B) the provision of services directly to the 55 child, (C) the delivery of court diversionary programs, or (D) the 56 evaluation of a proposed transfer of a firearm to [a] any person [under 57 the age of twenty-one] in this state or any other state. [, as required by 58 Title II, Section 12001 of the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, Public 59 Law 117-159, as amended from time to time.] Such employees and 60 authorized agents include, but are not limited to, law enforcement 61 officials, community-based youth service bureau officials, state and 62 federal prosecutorial officials, school officials in accordance with section 63 10-233h, court officials including officials of both the regular criminal 64 docket and the docket for juvenile matters and officials of the Division 65 of Criminal Justice, the Division of Public Defender Services, the 66 Department of Children and Families, if the child is under the oversight 67 of the department's administrative unit pursuant to section 17a-3b, 68 provided such disclosure shall be limited to information that identifies 69 the child as residing in a justice facility or incarcerated, or, if the child is 70 committed pursuant to section 46b-129, provided such disclosure shall 71 be limited to (i) information that identifies the child as the subject of the 72 delinquency petition, or (ii) the records of the delinquency proceedings, 73 when the juvenile court orders the department to provide services to 74 said child, the Court Support Services Division and agencies under 75 contract with the Judicial Branch. Such records shall also be available to 76 (I) the attorney representing the child, including the Division of Public 77 Defender Services, in any proceeding in which such records are 78 relevant, (II) the parents or guardian of the child, until such time as the 79 subject of the record reaches the age of majority, (III) the subject of the 80 record, upon submission of satisfactory proof of the subject's identity, 81 pursuant to guidelines prescribed by the Office of the Chief Court 82 Administrator, provided the subject has reached the age of majority, 83 (IV) law enforcement officials and prosecutorial officials conducting 84 legitimate criminal investigations, as provided in subsection (o) of this 85 section or orders to detain pursuant to section 46b-133, (V) a state or

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federal agency providing services related to the collection of moneys 86 87 due or funding to support the service needs of eligible juveniles, 88 provided such disclosure shall be limited to that information necessary for the collection of and application for such moneys, (VI) members and 89 90 employees of the Board of Pardons and Paroles and employees of the 91 Department of Correction who, in the performance of their duties, 92 require access to such records, provided the subject of the record has 93 been convicted of a crime in the regular criminal docket of the Superior 94 Court and such records are relevant to the performance of a risk and 95 needs assessment of such person while such person is incarcerated, the determination of such person's suitability for release from incarceration 96 97 or for a pardon, or the determination of the supervision and treatment 98 needs of such person while on parole or other supervised release, and 99 (VII) members and employees of the Judicial Review Council who, in 100 the performance of their duties related to said council, require access to 101 such records. Records disclosed pursuant to this subsection shall not be 102 further disclosed, except that information contained in such records 103 may be disclosed in connection with bail or sentencing reports in open 104 court during criminal proceedings involving the subject of such 105 information, or as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 3. Section 54-36n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

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- (a) Whenever a law enforcement agency seizes a firearm in connection with a criminal arrest or pursuant to a search warrant without an arrest or otherwise recovers a firearm, such agency shall forthwith take all appropriate steps to identify and trace the history of such firearm. For the purposes of this section, "law enforcement agency" means the Division of State Police within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, any municipal police department or any special police force established pursuant to section 10a-156b.
- (b) In complying with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a law enforcement agency shall: [use] (1) Submit all available information identifying such firearm to the National Tracing Center of

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- the Federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, [and] Firearms [. Such law
- 120 enforcement agency shall immediately transmit to the National Tracing
- 121 Center, by facsimile or by entering] and Explosives, via said center's
- 122 <u>electronic tracing system known as "eTrace"; (2) opt to allow such</u>
- information to be shared via eTrace; and (3) for any such firearm that
- 124 <u>was stolen or is missing, enter</u> such information [on] <u>into</u> the
- 125 Connecticut On-Line Law Enforcement Communications
- 126 Teleprocessing (COLLECT) System. [when said system becomes
- 127 available for transmitting such information directly to the National
- 128 Tracing Center, all information necessary to comply with the provisions
- of subsection (a) of this section.
- 130 [(c) The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection
- shall take appropriate action to allow the COLLECT System to be used
- by law enforcement agencies in complying with the provisions of this
- 133 section.]
- [(d)] (c) Whenever a firearm is identified and is determined to have
- been stolen, the law enforcement agency shall return such firearm, and
- any ammunition seized or recovered with such firearm that is
- determined to be stolen, to the rightful owner thereof, provided such
- owner is not prohibited from possessing such firearm or ammunition
- and such agency does not need to retain such firearm or ammunition as
- 140 evidence in a criminal prosecution.
- 141 Sec. 4. Section 29-161z of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 142 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
- 143 (a) No employee of a licensed security service and no employee hired
- by a firm or corporation to perform work as a security officer may carry
- a pistol, revolver or other firearm, or electronic defense weapon, as such
- 146 <u>terms are defined in section 53a-3</u>, while on duty or directly en route to
- or from such employment unless such employee obtains a special
- 148 permit from the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public
- 149 Protection in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of this
- section. No licensed security service and no firm or corporation may

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permit any employee to carry a pistol, revolver or other firearm, or electronic defense weapon, while on duty or directly en route to or from such employment unless it obtains proof that such employee has obtained such permit from the commissioner. The permit required under this section shall be in addition to the permit requirement imposed under section 29-28.

(b) (1) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection may grant to any suitable employee of a licensed security service, or to an employee hired by a firm or corporation to perform work as a uniformed or nonuniformed security officer, a special permit to carry a pistol or revolver or other firearm while actually on duty on the premises of the employer, or, while directly en route to or from such employment, provided that such employee has proven to the satisfaction of the commissioner that such employee has successfully completed a course, approved by the commissioner, of training in the safety and use of firearms. The commissioner may grant to such employee a temporary permit pending issuance of the permit, provided such employee has submitted an application and successfully completed such training course immediately following employment. All armed security officers shall complete such safety course and yearly complete a refresher safety course approved by the commissioner.

(2) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection may grant to any suitable employee of a licensed security service, or to an employee hired by a firm or corporation to perform work as a uniformed or nonuniformed security officer, a special permit to carry an electronic defense weapon while actually on duty on the premises of the employer, or while directly en route to or from such employment, provided such employee has proven to the satisfaction of the commissioner that such employee has successfully completed a course, approved by the commissioner, of training in the safety and use of electronic defense weapons. The commissioner may grant to such employee a temporary permit pending issuance of the permit, provided such employee has submitted an application and successfully completed such training course immediately following employment.

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- All security officers carrying electronic defense weapons shall complete such safety course and annually complete a refresher safety course approved by the commissioner.
- 188 (3) The commissioner shall adopt regulations in accordance with the 189 provisions of chapter 54 concerning the approval of schools, institutions 190 or organizations offering [such] the courses described in subdivisions 191 (1) and (2) of this subsection, requirements for instructors and the 192 required number of hours and content of such courses.

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- (c) Application for a special permit shall be made on forms provided by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by a sixty-two-dollar fee. Such permit shall have the same expiration date as the pistol permit issued under subsection (b) of section 29-28 and may be renewed for additional five-year periods.
- (d) (1) [On and after October 1, 2008, no] No person or employee of an association, corporation or partnership shall conduct the training pursuant to subsection (b) of this section without the approval of the commissioner. [, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.] Application for such approval shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the commissioner, accompanied by a fee of forty dollars. Such application shall be made under oath and shall contain the applicant's name, address, date and place of birth, employment for the previous five years, education or training in the subjects required to be taught under subsection (b) of this section, any convictions for violations of the law and such other information as the commissioner may require by regulation adopted pursuant to section 29-161x to properly investigate the character, competency and integrity of the applicant. No person shall be approved as an instructor for such training who has been convicted of a felony, a sexual offense or a crime of moral turpitude or who has been denied approval as a security service licensee, a security officer or instructor in the security industry by any licensing authority, or whose approval has been revoked or suspended. The term for such approval shall not exceed two years. Not later than two business days after a change of address, any person approved as an instructor in

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218 accordance with this section shall notify the commissioner of such 219 change and such notification shall include both the old and new addresses.

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- (2) If a course of training in the safety and use of firearms is approved by the commissioner in accordance with subsection (b) of this section on or before September 30, 2008, the person serving as an instructor of such course shall have until April 1, 2009, to apply for approval as an instructor in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 226 [(3)] (2) Each person approved as an instructor in accordance with 227 this section may apply for the renewal of such approval on a form approved by the commissioner, accompanied by a fee of forty dollars. 229 Such form may require the disclosure of any information necessary for 230 the commissioner to determine whether the instructor's suitability to serve as an instructor has changed since the issuance of the prior 232 approval. The term of such renewed approval shall not exceed two 233 years.
 - (e) Any fee or portion of a fee paid pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be refundable.
 - (f) Any person, firm or corporation that violates any provision of this section shall be fined seventy-five dollars for each offense. Each violation of this section shall be a separate and distinct offense, and, in the case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense.
 - (g) The commissioner may suspend or revoke a security service license, a special permit issued to a security officer or instructor approval upon a finding by the commissioner that such licensee, permit holder or instructor has violated any provision of this section, provided notice shall have been given to such licensee, permit holder or instructor to appear before the commissioner to show cause why the license, permit or approval should not be suspended or revoked. Any party aggrieved by an order of the commissioner may appeal therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183, except the venue for

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- Sec. 5. Section 29-161q of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
 - (a) Any security service or business may employ as many security officers as such security service or business deems necessary for the conduct of the business, provided such security officers are of good moral character and at least eighteen years of age.
 - (b) No person hired or otherwise engaged to perform work as a security officer, as defined in section 29-152u, shall perform the duties of a security officer prior to being licensed as a security officer by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, except as provided in subsection (h) of this section. Each applicant for a license shall complete a minimum of eight hours training in the following areas: Basic first aid, search and seizure laws and regulations, use of force, basic criminal justice and public safety issues. If an applicant for a license intends to carry a less lethal weapon while on duty as a security officer, such applicant shall complete training on how to use such less lethal weapon lawfully and in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer of such less lethal weapon. The commissioner shall waive such training for any person who, while serving in the armed forces or the National Guard, or if such person is a veteran, within two years of such person's discharge from the armed forces, presents proof that such person has completed military training that is equivalent to the training required by this subsection, and, if applicable, such person's military discharge document or a certified copy thereof. For the purposes of this subsection, "veteran" and "armed forces" have the same meanings as provided in section 27-103, [and] "military discharge document" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-219, and "less lethal weapon" means a baton or oleoresin capsicum spray, commonly referred to as "O.C. spray" or "pepper spray". The training shall be approved by the commissioner in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to section 29-161x. The commissioner may not grant a license to any person who has been decertified as a police officer or otherwise

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had his or her certification canceled, revoked or refused renewal pursuant to subsection (c) of section 7-294d or under the laws of any other jurisdiction.

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- (1) [On and after October 1, 2008, no] No person or employee of an association, corporation or partnership shall conduct such training without the approval of the commissioner. [except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.] Application for such approval shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the commissioner and accompanied by a fee of forty dollars. Such application shall be made under oath and shall contain the applicant's name, address, date and place of birth, employment for the previous five years, education or training in the subjects required to be taught under this subsection, any convictions for violations of the law and such other information as the commissioner may require by regulation adopted pursuant to section 29-161x to properly investigate the character, competency and integrity of the applicant. No person shall be approved as an instructor for such training who has been convicted of a felony, a sexual offense or a crime of moral turpitude or who has been denied approval as a security service licensee, a security officer or instructor in the security industry by any licensing authority, or whose approval has been revoked or suspended. The term for such approval shall not exceed two years. Not later than two business days after a change of address, any person approved as an instructor in accordance with this section shall notify the commissioner of such change and such notification shall include both the old and new addresses.
- [(2) If a security officer training course described in this subsection is approved by the commissioner on or before September 30, 2008, the instructor of such course shall have until April 1, 2009, to apply for approval as an instructor in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection.]
- [(3)] (2) Each person approved as an instructor in accordance with this section may apply for the renewal of such approval on a form approved by the commissioner, accompanied by a fee of forty dollars.

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Such form may require the disclosure of any information necessary for the commissioner to determine whether the instructor's suitability to serve as an instructor has changed since the issuance of the prior approval. The term of such renewed approval shall not exceed two years.

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(c) Not later than two years after successful completion of the training required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, or the waiver of such training, the applicant may submit an application for a license as a security officer on forms furnished by the commissioner and, under oath, shall give the applicant's name, address, date and place of birth, employment for the previous five years, experience in the position applied for, including military training and weapons qualifications, any convictions for violations of the law and such other information as the commissioner may require, by regulation, to properly investigate the character, competency and integrity of the applicant. The commissioner shall require any applicant for a license, or for renewal of a license, under this section to submit to state and national criminal history records checks conducted in accordance with section 29-17a, provided an applicant for renewal of a license shall not be charged any fee pursuant to subsection (c) of section 29-11 for such records checks. Each applicant shall submit with the application (1) two sets of his or her fingerprints on forms specified and furnished by the commissioner, provided an applicant for renewal of a license need not submit such sets of fingerprints, (2) two full-face photographs, two inches wide by two inches high, taken not earlier than six months prior to the date of application, and (3) a one-hundred-dollar licensing fee or licensing renewal fee, made payable to the state. Any applicant who received a waiver as provided in subsection (b) of this section shall be exempt from payment of such licensing fee. Subject to the provisions of section 46a-80, no person shall be approved for a license who has been convicted of a felony, any sexual offense or any crime involving moral turpitude, or who has been refused a license under the provisions of sections 29-161g to 29-161x, inclusive, for any reason except minimum experience, or whose license, having been granted, has been revoked or is under

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suspension. Upon being satisfied of the suitability of the applicant for licensure, the commissioner may license the applicant as a security officer. Such license shall be renewed every five years. The commissioner shall send a notice of the expiration date of such license to the holder of such license, by first class mail or electronic mail, not less than ninety days before such expiration, and shall include with such notice an application for renewal. The holder of such license may elect to receive such notice by first class mail or electronic mail. The security officer license shall be valid for a period of ninety days after its expiration date unless the license has been revoked or is under suspension pursuant to section 29-161v. An application for renewal filed with the commissioner after the expiration date shall be accompanied by a late fee of twenty-five dollars. The commissioner shall not renew any license that has been expired for more than ninety days.

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- (d) Upon the security officer's successful completion of training and licensing by the commissioner, or immediately upon hiring a licensed security officer, the security service employing such security officer shall apply to register such security officer with the commissioner on forms provided by the commissioner. Such application shall be accompanied by payment of a forty-dollar application fee payable to the state. The Division of State Police within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall keep on file the completed registration form and all related material. An identification card with the name, date of birth, address, full-face photograph, physical descriptors and signature of the applicant shall be issued to the security officer, and shall be carried by the security officer at all times while performing the duties associated with the security officer's employment. Registered security officers, in the course of performing their duties, shall present such card for inspection upon the request of a law enforcement officer.
- (e) The security service shall notify the commissioner not later than five days after the termination of employment of any registered employee.

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(f) Any fee or portion of a fee paid pursuant to this section shall not be refundable.

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- (g) No person, firm or corporation shall employ or otherwise engage any person as a security officer, as defined in section 29-152u, unless such person (1) is a licensed security officer, or (2) meets the requirements of subsection (h) of this section.
- (h) During the time that an application for a license as a security officer [is pending with] has been received and is being processed by the commissioner, the applicant may perform the duties of security officer, provided (1) the security service employing the applicant [conducts, or has] conducted, or had a consumer reporting agency regulated under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act conduct, a state and national criminal history records check and [determines] determined the applicant meets the requirements of subsection (c) of this section to be a security officer, (2) the applicant successfully completed the training required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, or obtained a waiver of such training, [and] (3) the applicant has not been decertified as a police officer or otherwise had his or her certification canceled, revoked or refused renewal pursuant to subsection (c) of section 7-294d or under the laws of any other jurisdiction, and (4) if the commissioner provides to the applicant a notice stating that the application is incomplete, the applicant submits a complete application not later than thirty days after receiving such notice. The applicant shall not perform such duties at a public or private preschool, elementary or secondary school or at a facility licensed and used exclusively as a child care center, as described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 19a-77. The applicant shall cease to perform such duties pursuant to this subsection when the commissioner grants or denies the pending application for a security license under this section.
- (i) Any person, firm or corporation that violates any provision of subsection (b), (d), (e), (g) or (h) of this section shall be fined seventy-five dollars for each offense. Each distinct violation of this section shall be a separate offense and, in the case of a continuing violation, each day

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416 thereof shall be deemed a separate offense.

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- Sec. 6. Section 53-206 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
 - (a) Any person who carries upon his or her person any BB. gun, blackjack, metal or brass knuckles, or any dirk knife, or any switch knife, or any knife having an automatic spring release device by which a blade is released from the handle, having a blade of over one and one-half inches in length, or stiletto, or any knife the edged portion of the blade of which is four inches or more in length, any police baton or nightstick, or any martial arts weapon or electronic defense weapon, as defined in section 53a-3, or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument, shall be guilty of a class E felony. Whenever any person is found guilty of a violation of this section, any weapon or other instrument within the provisions of this section, found upon the body of such person, shall be forfeited to the municipality wherein such person was apprehended, notwithstanding any failure of the judgment of conviction to expressly impose such forfeiture.
 - (b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to (1) any officer charged with the preservation of the public peace while engaged in the pursuit of such officer's official duties; (2) the carrying of a [baton or nightstick] less lethal weapon, as defined in section 29-161q, as amended by this act, by a licensed security [guard] officer or a person who meets the requirements of subsection (h) of section 29-161q, as amended by this act, while engaged in the pursuit of such [guard's] officer's or person's official duties; (3) the carrying of a knife, the edged portion of the blade of which is four inches or more in length, by (A) any member of the armed forces of the United States, as defined in section 27-103, or any reserve component thereof, or of the armed forces of the state, as defined in section 27-2, when on duty or going to or from duty, (B) any member of any military organization when on parade or when going to or from any place of assembly, (C) any person while transporting such knife as merchandise or for display at an authorized gun or knife show, (D) any person who is found with any such knife concealed upon one's

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person while lawfully removing such person's household goods or effects from one place to another, or from one residence to another, (E) any person while actually and peaceably engaged in carrying any such knife from such person's place of abode or business to a place or person where or by whom such knife is to be repaired, or while actually and peaceably returning to such person's place of abode or business with such knife after the same has been repaired, (F) any person holding a valid hunting, fishing or trapping license issued pursuant to chapter 490 or any saltwater fisherman carrying such knife for lawful hunting, fishing or trapping activities, or (G) any person while participating in an authorized historic reenactment; (4) the carrying by any person enrolled in or currently attending, or an instructor at, a martial arts school of a martial arts weapon while in a class or at an authorized event or competition or while transporting such weapon to or from such class, event or competition; (5) the carrying of a BB. gun by any person taking part in a supervised event or competition of the Boy Scouts of America or the Girl Scouts of America or in any other authorized event or competition while taking part in such event or competition or while transporting such weapon to or from such event or competition; (6) the carrying of an electronic defense weapon, as defined in section 53a-3, by any person who is twenty-one years of age or older and possesses a permit or certificate issued under the provisions of section 29-28, 29-36f, 29-37p or 29-38n; and (7) the carrying of a BB. gun by any person upon such person's own property or the property of another person provided such other person has authorized the carrying of such weapon on such property, and the transporting of such weapon to or from such property.

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- Sec. 7. Section 29-33 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
- 477 (a) No person, firm or corporation shall sell, deliver or otherwise 478 transfer any pistol or revolver to any person who is prohibited from 479 possessing a pistol or revolver as provided in section 53a-217c.
 - (b) No person may purchase or receive any pistol or revolver unless such person holds a valid permit to carry a pistol or revolver issued

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pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, a valid permit to sell firearms at retail issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 29-28 or a valid eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver issued pursuant to section 29-36f or is a federal marshal, parole officer or peace officer.

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(c) No person, firm or corporation shall sell, deliver or otherwise transfer any pistol or revolver [except upon written application on a form prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection. Such person, firm or corporation shall ensure that all questions on the application are answered properly prior to releasing the pistol or revolver and shall retain the application, which shall be attached to the federal sale or transfer document, for at least twenty years or until such vendor goes out of business. Such application shall be available for inspection during normal business hours by law enforcement officials. No sale, delivery or other transfer of any pistol or revolver shall be made] unless the person [making the purchase or] to whom the same is sold, delivered or transferred is personally known to the person selling such pistol or revolver or making delivery or transfer thereof or provides evidence of his identity in the form of a motor vehicle operator's license, identity card issued pursuant to section 1-1h or valid passport. No sale, delivery or other transfer of any pistol or revolver shall be made until the person, firm or corporation [making such transfer selling, delivering or transferring such pistol or revolver completes a transfer document on a form prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection and obtains an authorization number from [the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection. Said commissioner] said commissioner. Such transfer document shall contain the name and address of the transferor and transferee, the date of sale, the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number and a general description of such pistol or revolver, the identification number of the transferor's and transferee's permit to carry pistols or revolvers, issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, permit to sell firearms at retail, issued pursuant to subsection (a) of said section, or eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver, issued pursuant to section 29-36f, if any, and the authorization

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number designated for the transfer by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection. The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall perform the national instant criminal background check and make a reasonable effort to determine whether there is any reason that would prohibit such [applicant] transferee from possessing a pistol or revolver as provided in section 53a-217c. If the commissioner determines the existence of such a reason, the commissioner shall (1) deny the sale, delivery or other transfer and no pistol or revolver shall be sold, delivered or otherwise transferred by such person, firm or corporation to such [applicant] transferee, and (2) inform the chief of police of the town in which the applicant resides, or, where there is no chief of police, the warden of the borough or the first selectman of the town, or the chief of police of a law enforcement unit of any federally recognized Native American tribe within the borders of the state as referenced in subsection (b) of section 29-28, if the [applicant] transferee has a bona fide permanent residence within the jurisdiction of such tribe, as the case may be, that there exists a reason that would prohibit such [applicant] transferee from possessing a pistol or revolver.

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(d) No person, firm or corporation shall sell, deliver or otherwise transfer any pistol or revolver, other than at wholesale, unless such pistol or revolver is equipped with a reusable trigger lock, gun lock or gun locking device appropriate for such pistol or revolver, which lock or device shall be constructed of material sufficiently strong to prevent it from being easily disabled and have a locking mechanism accessible by key or by electronic or other mechanical accessory specific to such lock or device to prevent unauthorized removal. No pistol or revolver shall be loaded or contain therein any gunpowder or other explosive or any bullet, ball or shell when such pistol or revolver is sold, delivered or otherwise transferred.

(e) Upon the sale, delivery or other transfer of any pistol or revolver, the [person making the purchase or to whom the same is delivered or transferred shall sign a receipt for such pistol or revolver, which shall contain the name and address of such person, the date of sale, the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number and a general

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description of such pistol or revolver, the identification number of such person's permit to carry pistols or revolvers, issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, permit to sell firearms at retail, issued pursuant to subsection (a) of said section, or eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver, issued pursuant to section 29-36f, if any, and the authorization number designated for the transfer by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection. The person, firm or corporation selling such pistol or revolver or making delivery or transfer thereof shall (1) give one copy of the [receipt] transfer document to the person making the purchase of such pistol or revolver or to whom the same is delivered or transferred, (2) retain one copy of the [receipt] transfer document for at least five years, and (3) send, by first class mail, or electronically transmit, within forty-eight hours of such sale, delivery or other transfer, (A) one copy of the [receipt] transfer document to the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, and (B) one copy of the [receipt] transfer document to the chief of police of the municipality in which the transferee resides or, where there is no chief of police, the chief executive officer of the municipality, as defined in section 7-148, in which the transferee resides or, if designated by such chief executive officer, the resident state trooper serving such municipality or a state police officer of the state police troop having jurisdiction over such municipality, or the chief of police of a law enforcement unit of any federally recognized Native American tribe within the borders of the state as referenced in subsection (b) of section 29-28, if the transferee has a bona fide permanent residence within the jurisdiction of such tribe. If the transferor or transferee is a federally licensed firearms dealer, such federally licensed firearms dealer shall retain the transfer document for at least twenty years or until such federally licensed firearms dealer goes out of business. Such transfer document shall be available for inspection during normal business hours by law enforcement officials.

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(f) (1) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall not issue more than three authorization numbers for sale at retail of a pistol or revolver to any transferee within a thirty-day

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period, except that if such transferee is certified as a firearms instructor by the state pursuant to section 29-28 or the National Rifle Association, said commissioner shall not issue more than six authorization numbers within a thirty-day period.

- (2) No authorization number issued for any of the following purposes shall count toward the limits in subdivision (1) of this subsection: (A) Any firearm transferred to a federal, state or municipal law enforcement agency, or any firearm legally transferred under the provisions of section 29-36k, (B) the exchange of a pistol or revolver purchased by an individual from a federally licensed firearm dealer for another pistol or revolver from the same federally licensed firearm dealer not later than thirty days after the original transaction, provided the federally licensed firearm dealer reports the transaction to the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, (C) as otherwise provided in subsection (h) or (i) of this section, [or] (D) a transfer to a museum at a fixed location that is open to the public and displays firearms as part of an educational mission, or (E) any firearm transferred by bequest or intestate succession, or, upon the death of a testator or settlor, (i) to a trust, or (ii) from a trust to a beneficiary.
- (g) The provisions of this section shall not apply to antique pistols or revolvers. An antique pistol or revolver, for the purposes of this section, means any pistol or revolver which was manufactured in or before 1898 and any replica of such pistol or revolver provided such replica is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition except rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition which is no longer manufactured in the United States and not readily available in the ordinary channel of commercial trade.
- (h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the sale, delivery or transfer of pistols or revolvers between (1) a [federally-licensed] federally licensed firearm manufacturer and a [federally-licensed] federally licensed firearm dealer, (2) a [federally-licensed] federally licensed firearm importer and a [federally-licensed] federally licensed firearm dealer, (3) [federally-licensed] federally licensed firearm

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dealers, or (4) [federally-licensed] <u>federally licensed</u> firearm manufacturers.

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(i) If the court finds that a violation of this section is not of a serious nature and that the person charged with such violation (1) will probably not offend in the future, (2) has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section, and (3) has not previously had a prosecution under this section suspended pursuant to this subsection, the court may order suspension of prosecution. The court shall not order suspension of prosecution unless the accused person has acknowledged that he understands the consequences of the suspension of prosecution. Any person for whom prosecution is suspended shall agree to the tolling of any statute of limitations with respect to such violation and to a waiver of his right to a speedy trial. Such person shall appear in court and shall be released to the supervision of the Court Support Services Division for such period, not exceeding two years, and under such conditions as the court shall order. If the person refuses to accept, or, having accepted, violates such conditions, the court shall terminate the suspension of prosecution and the case shall be brought to trial. If such person satisfactorily completes his period of probation, he may apply for dismissal of the charges against him and the court, on finding such satisfactory completion, shall dismiss such charges. If the person does not apply for dismissal of the charges against him after satisfactorily completing his period of probation, the court, upon receipt of a report submitted by the Court Support Services Division that the person satisfactorily completed his period of probation, may on its own motion make a finding of such satisfactory completion and dismiss such charges. Upon dismissal, all records of such charges shall be erased pursuant to section 54-142a. An order of the court denying a motion to dismiss the charges against a person who has completed his period of probation or terminating the participation of a defendant in such program shall be a final judgment for purposes of appeal.

(j) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class C felony for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court, and five thousand

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651 dollars of the fine imposed may not be remitted or reduced by the court 652 unless the court states on the record its reasons for remitting or reducing 653 such fine, except that any person who sells, delivers or otherwise 654 transfers a pistol or revolver in violation of the provisions of this section 655 knowing that such pistol or revolver is stolen or that the manufacturer's 656 number or other mark of identification on such pistol or revolver has 657 been altered, removed or obliterated, shall be guilty of a class B felony 658 for which three years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or 659 reduced by the court, and ten thousand dollars of the fine imposed may 660 not be remitted or reduced by the court unless the court states on the 661 record its reasons for remitting or reducing such fine, and any pistol or 662 revolver found in the possession of any person in violation of any 663 provision of this section shall be forfeited.

- Sec. 8. Section 29-37a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "long gun" means a firearm, as defined in section 53a-3, other than a pistol or revolver.

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- (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, no person, firm or corporation may sell, deliver or otherwise transfer, at retail, any long gun to any person under eighteen years of age.
- (2) No person, firm or corporation may sell, deliver or otherwise transfer any semi-automatic centerfire rifle that has or accepts a magazine with a capacity exceeding five rounds to any person under twenty-one years of age. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the sale, delivery or transfer of such a rifle to any person who is a member or employee of an organized local police department, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection or the Department of Correction or a member of the military or naval forces of this state or of the United States for use in the discharge of their duties.
- (c) No person may purchase or receive any long gun unless such person holds a valid long gun eligibility certificate issued pursuant to section 29-37p, a valid permit to carry a pistol or revolver issued

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pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, a valid permit to sell firearms at retail issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 29-28 or a valid eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver issued pursuant to section 29-36f.

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(d) No person, firm or corporation may sell, deliver or otherwise transfer [, at retail,] any long gun [to any person] unless [such] the person [makes application on a form prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, which shall be attached by the transferor to the federal sale or transfer document and filed and retained by the transferor for at least twenty years or until such transferor goes out of business. Such application shall be available for inspection during normal business hours by law enforcement officials to whom the same is sold, delivered or transferred is personally known to the person selling such long gun or making delivery or transfer thereof or provides evidence of such person's identity in the form of a motor vehicle operator's license, identity card issued pursuant to section 1-1h or valid passport. No such sale, delivery or other transfer of any long gun shall be made until the person, firm or corporation [making such sale, delivery or transfer has ensured that such application has been completed properly and has obtained] selling, delivering or transferring such long gun completes a transfer document, on a form prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, and obtains an authorization number from [the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection for such sale, delivery or transfer. The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection] said commissioner. Such transfer document shall contain the name and address of the transferor and transferee, the date of sale, the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number and a general description of such long gun, the identification number of the transferor's and transferee's permit to carry pistols or revolvers, issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, permit to sell firearms at retail, issued pursuant to subsection (a) of said section, eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver, issued pursuant to section 29-36f, or eligibility certificate for a long gun, issued pursuant to section

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717 29-37p, as applicable, and the authorization number designated for the transfer by the Department of Emergency Services and Public 718 Protection. The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public 719 720 Protection shall [make every effort, including performing] perform the 721 national instant criminal background check [,] and make a reasonable 722 effort to determine [if the applicant is] whether there is any reason that 723 would prohibit such transferee from being eligible to receive such long 724 gun. If [it is determined that the applicant is ineligible to receive such 725 long gun, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public 726 Protection] the commissioner determines the existence of such a reason, 727 the commissioner shall [immediately notify the (1) person, firm or 728 corporation to whom such application was made (1) deny the sale, delivery or transfer, and no such long gun shall be sold, delivered or 729 730 otherwise transferred to such [applicant] transferee by such person, firm 731 or corporation, and (2) inform the chief of police of the town in which 732 the [applicant] transferee resides, or, where there is no chief of police, 733 the warden of the borough or the first selectman of the town, or the chief 734 of police of a law enforcement unit of any federally recognized Native 735 American tribe within the borders of the state as referenced in 736 subsection (b) of section 29-28, if the [applicant] transferee has a bona 737 fide permanent residence within the jurisdiction of such tribe, as the 738 case may be, that the [applicant] transferee is not eligible to receive a 739 long gun. When any long gun is delivered in connection with any sale 740 or purchase, such long gun shall be enclosed in a package, the paper or 741 wrapping of which shall be securely fastened, and no such long gun 742 when delivered on any sale or purchase shall be loaded or contain any gunpowder or other explosive or any bullet, ball or shell. Upon the sale, 743 744 delivery or other transfer of the long gun, the [transferee shall sign in 745 triplicate a receipt for such long gun, which shall contain the name, 746 address and date and place of birth of such transferee, the date of such 747 sale, delivery or transfer and the caliber, make, model and 748 manufacturer's number and a general description thereof. Not later than twenty-four hours after such sale, delivery or transfer, the transferor 749 750 shall person, firm or corporation selling such long gun, or making 751 delivery or transfer thereof, shall (A) give one copy of the transfer

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document to the person making the purchase of such long gun or to whom the same is delivered or transferred, (B) retain one copy of the transfer document for at least five years, and (C) send by first class mail or electronically [transfer] transmit, within forty-eight hours of such sale, delivery or other transfer, (i) one [receipt] copy of the transfer document to the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, and (ii) one [receipt] copy of the transfer document to the chief of police of the municipality in which the transferee resides or, where there is no chief of police, the chief executive officer of the municipality, as defined in section 7-148, in which the transferee resides or, if designated by such chief executive officer, the resident state trooper serving such municipality or a state police officer of the state police troop having jurisdiction over such municipality, or the chief of police of a law enforcement unit of any federally recognized Native American tribe within the borders of the state as referenced in subsection (b) of section 29-28, if the transferee has a bona fide permanent residence within the jurisdiction of such tribe. [, and shall retain one receipt, together with the original application, for at least five years.] If the transferor or transferee is a federally licensed firearms dealer, such federally licensed firearms dealer shall retain the transfer document for at least twenty years or until such federally licensed firearms dealer goes out of business. Such transfer document shall be available for inspection during normal business hours by law enforcement officials.

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- [(e) No sale, delivery or other transfer of any long gun shall be made by a person who is not a federally licensed firearm manufacturer, importer or dealer to a person who is not a federally licensed firearm manufacturer, importer or dealer unless:
- (1) The prospective transferor and prospective transferee comply with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and the prospective transferor has obtained an authorization number from the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection for such sale, delivery or transfer; or

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(2) The prospective transferor or prospective transferee requests a federally licensed firearm dealer to contact the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection on behalf of such prospective transferor or prospective transferee and the federally licensed firearm dealer has obtained an authorization number from the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection for such sale, delivery or transfer.

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- (f) (1) For purposes of a transfer pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of this section, a prospective transferor or prospective transferee may request a federally licensed firearm dealer to contact the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to obtain an authorization number for such sale, delivery or transfer. If a federally licensed firearm dealer consents to contact the department on behalf of the prospective transferor or prospective transferee, the prospective transferor or prospective transferee shall provide to such dealer the name, sex, race, date of birth and state of residence of the prospective transferee and, if necessary to verify the identity of the prospective transferee, may provide a unique numeric identifier including, but not limited to, a Social Security number, and additional identifiers including, but not limited to, height, weight, eye and hair color, and place of birth. The prospective transferee shall present to the dealer such prospective transferee's valid long gun eligibility certificate issued pursuant to section 29-37p, valid permit to carry a pistol or revolver issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 29-28, valid permit to sell firearms at retail issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 29-28 or valid eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver issued pursuant to section 29-36f. The dealer may charge a fee for contacting the department on behalf of the prospective transferor or prospective transferee.
- (2) The Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall make every effort, including performing the national instant criminal background check, to determine if the prospective transferee is eligible to receive such long gun. The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection shall immediately notify the dealer of the

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department's determination and the dealer shall immediately notify the prospective transferor or prospective transferee of such determination. If the department determines the prospective transferee is ineligible to receive such long gun, no long gun shall be sold, delivered or otherwise transferred by the prospective transferor to the prospective transferee. If the department determines the prospective transferee is eligible to receive such long gun and provides an authorization number for such sale, delivery or transfer, the prospective transferor may proceed to sell, deliver or otherwise transfer the long gun to the prospective transferee.

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(3) Upon the sale, delivery or other transfer of the long gun, the transferor or transferee shall complete a form, prescribed by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, that contains the name and address of the transferor, the name and address of the transferee, the date and place of birth of such transferee, the firearm permit or certificate number of the transferee, the firearm permit or certificate number of the transferor, if any, the date of such sale, delivery or transfer, the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number and a general description of such long gun and the authorization number provided by the department. Not later than twenty-four hours after such sale, delivery or transfer, the transferor shall send by first class mail or electronically transfer one copy of such form to the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection and one copy to the chief of police of the municipality in which the transferee resides or, where there is no chief of police, the chief executive officer of the municipality, as defined in section 7-148, in which the transferee resides or, if designated by such chief executive officer, the resident state trooper serving such municipality or a state police officer of the state police troop having jurisdiction over such municipality, or the chief of police of a law enforcement unit of any federally recognized Native American tribe within the borders of the state as referenced in subsection (b) of section 29-28, if the transferee has a bona fide permanent residence within the jurisdiction of such tribe, and shall retain one copy, for at least five years.

(g) No sale, delivery or other transfer of any long gun shall be made

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until the expiration of two weeks from the date of the application, except that such waiting period shall not apply to any federal marshal, parole officer or peace officer, or to the sale, delivery or other transfer of (1) any long gun to a holder of a valid state permit to carry a pistol or revolver issued under the provisions of section 29-28, a valid eligibility certificate issued under the provisions of section 29-36f, or a valid long gun eligibility certificate issued under the provisions of section 29-37p, (2) any long gun to an active member of the armed forces of the United States or of any reserve component thereof, (3) any long gun to a holder of a valid hunting license issued pursuant to chapter 490, or (4) antique firearms. For the purposes of this subsection, "antique firearm" means any firearm which was manufactured in or before 1898 and any replica of such firearm, provided such replica is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition except rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition which is no longer manufactured in the United States and not readily available in the ordinary channel of commercial trade.]

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[(h)] (e) The provisions of subsections (c) [to (g), inclusive,] and (d) of this section shall not apply to the sale, delivery or transfer of (1) long guns to (A) the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, police departments, the Department of Correction, the Division of Criminal Justice, the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection or the military or naval forces of this state or of the United States, (B) a sworn and duly certified member of an organized police department, the Division of State Police within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection or the Department of Correction, a chief inspector or inspector in the Division of Criminal Justice, a salaried inspector of motor vehicles designated by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, a conservation officer or special conservation officer appointed by the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection pursuant to section 26-5, or a constable who is certified by the Police Officer Standards and Training Council and appointed by the chief executive authority of a town, city or borough to perform criminal law

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enforcement duties, pursuant to a letter on the letterhead of such department, division, commissioner or authority authorizing the purchase and stating that the sworn member, inspector, officer or constable will use the long gun in the discharge of official duties, and that a records check indicates that the sworn member, inspector, officer or constable has not been convicted of a crime of family violence, for use by such sworn member, inspector, officer or constable in the discharge of such sworn member's, inspector's, officer's or constable's official duties or when off duty, (C) a member of the military or naval forces of this state or of the United States, or (D) a nuclear facility licensed by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission for the purpose of providing security services at such facility, or any contractor or subcontractor of such facility for the purpose of providing security services at such facility; (2) long guns to or between federally licensed firearm manufacturers, importers or dealers; (3) curios or relics, as defined in 27 CFR 478.11, to or between federally licensed firearm collectors; or (4) antique firearms. [, as defined in subsection (g) of this section.] For the purposes of this subsection, "antique firearm" means any firearm that was manufactured in or before 1898 and any replica of such firearm, provided such replica is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition except rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and not readily available in the ordinary channel of commercial trade.

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[(i)] (f) If the court finds that a violation of this section is not of a serious nature and that the person charged with such violation (1) will probably not offend in the future, (2) has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section, and (3) has not previously had a prosecution under this section suspended pursuant to this subsection, it may order suspension of prosecution. The court shall not order suspension of prosecution unless the accused person has acknowledged that he understands the consequences of the suspension of prosecution. Any person for whom prosecution is suspended shall agree to the tolling of any statute of limitations with respect to such violation and to

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a waiver of his right to a speedy trial. Such person shall appear in court and shall be released to the supervision of the Court Support Services Division for such period, not exceeding two years, and under such conditions as the court shall order. If the person refuses to accept, or, having accepted, violates such conditions, the court shall terminate the suspension of prosecution and the case shall be brought to trial. If such person satisfactorily completes his period of probation, he may apply for dismissal of the charges against him and the court, on finding such satisfactory completion, shall dismiss such charges. If the person does not apply for dismissal of the charges against him after satisfactorily completing his period of probation, the court, upon receipt of a report submitted by the Court Support Services Division that the person satisfactorily completed his period of probation, may on its own motion make a finding of such satisfactory completion and dismiss such charges. Upon dismissal, all records of such charges shall be erased pursuant to section 54-142a. An order of the court denying a motion to dismiss the charges against a person who has completed his period of probation or terminating the participation of a defendant in such program shall be a final judgment for purposes of appeal.

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[(j)] (g) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class D felony, except that any person who sells, delivers or otherwise transfers a long gun in violation of the provisions of this section, knowing that such long gun is stolen or that the manufacturer's number or other mark of identification on such long gun has been altered, removed or obliterated, shall be guilty of a class B felony, and any long gun found in the possession of any person in violation of any provision of this section shall be forfeited.

Sec. 9. Section 54-66a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2025*):

Any bail bond posted in any criminal proceeding in this state shall be automatically terminated and released whenever the defendant: (1) Is granted accelerated rehabilitation pursuant to section 54-56e; (2) is granted admission to the pretrial alcohol education program pursuant

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to section 54-56g; (3) is granted admission to the pretrial family violence education program pursuant to section 46b-38c; (4) is granted admission to the pretrial drug education and community service program pursuant to section 54-56i; (5) has the complaint or information filed against such defendant dismissed; (6) has the prosecution of the complaint or information filed against such defendant terminated by entry of a nolle prosequi; (7) is acquitted; (8) is sentenced by the court and a stay of such sentence, if any, is lifted; (9) is granted admission to the pretrial school violence prevention program pursuant to section 54-56j; (10) is charged with a violation of section 29-33, as amended by this act, 53-202l or 53-202w, and prosecution has been suspended pursuant to subsection (i) of section 29-33, as amended by this act; (11) is charged with a violation of section 29-37a, as amended by this act, and prosecution has been suspended pursuant to subsection [(i)] (f) of section 29-37a, as amended by this act; (12) is granted admission to the supervised diversionary program for persons with psychiatric disabilities, or persons who are veterans, pursuant to section 54-56l; (13) is granted admission to a diversionary program for young persons charged with a motor vehicle violation or an alcohol-related offense pursuant to section 54-56p; (14) is granted admission to the pretrial drug intervention and community service program pursuant to section 54-56q; or (15) is granted admission to the pretrial impaired driving intervention program pursuant to section 54-56r.

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Sec. 10. Section 84 of public act 13-3, as amended by section 15 of public act 13-122, section 191 of public act 13-247, section 73 of public act 14-98, section 1 of public act 15-5, section 1 of public act 16-171, section 1 of public act 17-68, section 490 of public act 17-2 of the June special session and section 73 of public act 20-1, is amended to read as follows (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The Departments of Emergency Services and Public Protection, Administrative Services and Education shall jointly administer a school security infrastructure competitive grant program to reimburse (1) a town, (2) a regional educational service center, (3) the governing authority for a state charter school, (4) the Department of Education on

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behalf of the technical high school system, (5) an incorporated or endowed high school or academy approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to section 10-34 of the general statutes, (6) the supervisory agent for a nonpublic school, and (7) a licensed child care center or private preschool operator that has received threats, provided no family child care providers may be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to this section, for certain expenses for schools, centers or preschools incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for: (A) The development or improvement of the security infrastructure of schools, centers or preschools, based on the results of school building or child care center building security assessments pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, including, but not limited to, the installation of surveillance cameras, penetration resistant vestibules, ballistic glass, solid core doors, double door access, computer-controlled electronic locks, entry door buzzer systems, scan card systems, panic alarms, real time interoperable communications and multimedia sharing infrastructure or other systems; and (B) (i) the training of school personnel in the operation and maintenance of the security infrastructure of school buildings, or (ii) the purchase of portable entrance security devices, including, but not limited to, metal detector wands and screening machines and related training.

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(b) (1) On and after April 4, 2013, each local and regional board of education may, on behalf of its town or its member towns, apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain expenses for schools under the jurisdiction of such board of education incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. Prior to the date that the School Safety Infrastructure Council makes its initial submission of the school safety infrastructure standards, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, in consultation with the Commissioners of Administrative Services and Education, shall determine which expenses are eligible for

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reimbursement under the program. On and after the date that the School Safety Infrastructure Council submits the school safety infrastructure standards, the decision to approve or deny an application and the determination of which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program shall be in accordance with the most recent submission of the school safety infrastructure standards, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.

- (2) A regional educational service center may apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain expenses for schools under the jurisdiction of such regional educational service center incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. The department shall decide whether to approve or deny an application and which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program. Such decisions shall be in accordance with the school safety infrastructure standards developed pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.
- (3) The governing authority for a state charter school may apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain expenses for schools under the jurisdiction of such governing authority incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. The department shall decide whether to approve or deny an application and which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program. Such decisions shall be in accordance with the school safety infrastructure standards developed pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.
- (4) The superintendent of the technical high school system may apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain

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expenses for schools in the technical high school system incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. The department shall decide whether to approve or deny an application and which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program. Such decisions shall be in accordance with the school safety infrastructure standards developed pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.

- (5) An incorporated or endowed high school or academy may apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain expenses incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. The department shall decide whether to approve or deny an application and which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program. Such decisions shall be in accordance with the school safety infrastructure standards developed pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.
- (6) (A) The supervisory agent for a nonpublic school or a licensed child care center or private preschool operator described in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of this section may apply, at such time and in such manner as the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection prescribes, to the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for a grant for certain expenses for schools under the jurisdiction of such supervisory agent or for such licensed child care centers or private preschools incurred on or after January 1, 2013, for the purposes described in subsection (a) of this section. The department shall decide whether to approve or deny an application and which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under the program. Such decisions shall be in accordance with the school safety infrastructure standards developed pursuant to subsection (c) of section 10-292r of the general statutes.
- (B) Ten per cent of the funds available under the program shall be awarded to the supervisory agents of nonpublic schools and licensed

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child care center or private preschool operators described in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of this section, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (6) of subsection (c) of this section.

- (c) (1) A town may receive a grant equal to a percentage of its eligible expenses. The percentage shall be determined as follows: (A) Each town shall be ranked in descending order from one to one hundred sixty-nine according to town wealth, as defined in subdivision (26) of section 10-262f of the general statutes, (B) based upon such ranking, a percentage of not less than twenty or more than eighty shall be assigned to each town on a continuous scale, and (C) the town ranked first shall be assigned a percentage of twenty and the town ranked last shall be assigned a percentage of eighty.
- (2) A regional educational service center may receive a grant equal to a percentage of its eligible expenses. The percentage shall be determined by its ranking. Such ranking shall be determined by (A) multiplying the population of each member town in the regional educational service center by such town's ranking, as determined in subsection (a) of section 10-285a of the general statutes; (B) adding together the figures for each town determined under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision; and (C) dividing the total computed under subparagraph (B) of this subdivision by the total population of all member towns in the regional educational service center. The ranking of each regional educational service center shall be rounded to the next higher whole number and each such center shall receive the same reimbursement percentage as would a town with the same rank.
- (3) The governing authority for a state charter school may receive a grant equal to a percentage of its eligible expenses that is the same as the town in which such state charter school is located, as calculated pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (4) The Department of Education, on behalf of the technical high school system, may receive a grant equal to one hundred per cent of its eligible expenses.

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(5) An incorporated or endowed high school or academy may receive a grant equal to a percentage of its eligible expenses. The percentage shall be determined by its ranking. Such ranking shall be determined by (A) multiplying the total population, as defined in section 10-261 of the general statutes, of each town which at the time of application for such school security infrastructure competitive grant has designated such school as the high school for such town for a period of not less than five years from the date of such application, by such town's percentile ranking, as determined in subsection (a) of section 10-285a of the general statutes, (B) adding together the figures for each town determined under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, and (C) dividing the total computed under subparagraph (B) of this subdivision by the total population of all towns which designate the school as their high school under subparagraph (A) of this subdivision. The ranking determined pursuant to this subsection shall be rounded to the next higher whole number. Such incorporated or endowed high school or academy shall receive the reimbursement percentage of a town with the same rank.

(6) The supervisory agent for a nonpublic school or a licensed child care center or private preschool operator described in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of this section may receive a grant equal to fifty per cent of its eligible expenses, provided any such grant shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars.

(d) (1) (A) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, if there are not sufficient funds to provide grants to all towns, based on the percentage determined pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, in consultation with the Commissioners of Administrative Services and Education, shall give priority to applicants on behalf of schools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, as determined by said commissioners based on school building security assessments of the schools under the jurisdiction of the town's school district conducted pursuant to this subdivision. Of the applicants on behalf of such schools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, said commissioners shall give first priority to applicants on behalf of schools that have no security

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infrastructure at the time of such school building security assessment and succeeding priority to applicants on behalf of schools located in priority school districts pursuant to section 10-266p of the general statutes.

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(B) To be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to this section, an applicant board of education shall [(A)] (i) demonstrate that it has developed and periodically practices an emergency plan at the schools under its jurisdiction and that such plan has been developed in concert with applicable state or local first-responders, and [(B)] (ii) provide for a uniform assessment of the schools under its jurisdiction, including any security infrastructure, using [the National Clearinghouse for Educational Facilities' Safe Schools Facilities Checklist] guidelines established by the Division of Emergency Management and Homeland Security within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, which shall be based on best practices regarding school security infrastructure. The assessment shall be conducted under the supervision of the local law enforcement agency.

(2) (A) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, to June 30, 2018, and the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021, if there are not sufficient funds to provide grants to all applicants that are towns, regional educational service centers, governing authorities for state charter schools, the Department of Education, on behalf of the technical high school system, and incorporated or endowed high schools or academies based on the percentage determined pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, in consultation with the Commissioners of Administrative Services and Education, shall give priority to applicants on behalf of schools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, as determined by said commissioners based on school building security assessments of the schools under the jurisdiction of the applicant conducted pursuant to this subdivision. Of the applicants on behalf of such schools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, said commissioners shall give first priority to applicants on behalf of schools that have no security infrastructure at the time of such school building security assessment

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and succeeding priority to applicants on behalf of schools located in priority school districts pursuant to section 10-266p of the general statutes.

(B) To be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to this section, an applicant shall [(A)] (i) demonstrate that it has developed and periodically practices an emergency plan at the schools under its jurisdiction and that such plan has been developed in concert with applicable state or local first-responders, and [(B)] (ii) provide for a uniform assessment of the schools under its jurisdiction, including any security infrastructure, using [the National Clearinghouse for Educational Facilities' Safe Schools Facilities Checklist] guidelines established by the Division of Emergency Management and Homeland Security within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, which shall be based on best practices regarding school security infrastructure. The assessment shall be conducted under the supervision of the local law enforcement agency.

(3) (A) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, to June 30, 2018, and the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021, if there are not sufficient funds to provide grants to all applicant supervisory agents for nonpublic schools or licensed child care center or private preschool operators described in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of this section, based on the percentages described in subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection, in consultation with the Commissioners of Administrative Services and Education, shall give priority to applicants on behalf of schools, centers or preschools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, as determined by said commissioners. Of the applicants on behalf of such schools, centers or preschools with the greatest need for security infrastructure, said commissioners shall give first priority to applicants on behalf of schools, centers or preschools that have no security infrastructure at the time of application.

(B) To be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to this section, an applicant supervisory agent for a nonpublic school or licensed child care

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center or private preschool operator described in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of this section shall [(A)] (i) demonstrate that it has developed and periodically practices an emergency plan at the school, center or preschool under its jurisdiction and that such plan has been developed in concert with applicable state or local first-responders, and [(B)] (ii) provide for a uniform assessment of the schools, centers or preschools under its jurisdiction, including any security infrastructure, using [the National Clearinghouse for Educational Facilities' Safe Schools Facilities Checklist] guidelines established by the Division of Emergency Management and Homeland Security within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, which shall be based on best practices regarding school security infrastructure. The assessment shall be conducted under the supervision of the local law enforcement agency.

Sec. 11. Section 85 of public act 13-3, as amended by section 74 of public act 14-98, section 67 of public act 15-1 of the June special session, section 26 of public act 18-178, section 74 of public act 20-1, section 62 of public act 21-111 and section 68 of public act 23-205, is amended to read as follows (*Effective July 1*, 2025):

- (a) For the purposes described in subsection (b) of this section, the State Bond Commission shall have the power from time to time to authorize the issuance of bonds of the state in one or more series and in principal amounts not exceeding in the aggregate one hundred seven million dollars, provided ten million dollars of said authorization shall be effective July 1, 2024.
- (b) The proceeds of the sale of said bonds, to the extent of the amount stated in subsection (a) of this section, shall be used by the Department of Education for the purpose of the school security infrastructure competitive grant program, established pursuant to section 84 of public act 13-3, as amended by section 15 of public act 13-122, section 191 of public act 13-247, section 73 of public act 14-98, section 1 of public act 15-5, section 1 of public act 16-171, section 1 of public act 17-68, section 490 of public act 17-2 of the June special session, [and] section 73 of

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public act 20-1 <u>and section 10 of this act</u>, provided not [less] <u>more</u> than five million dollars [shall] <u>may</u> be used by the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection for school security projects that involve multimedia interoperable communications systems.

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(c) All provisions of section 3-20 of the general statutes, or the exercise of any right or power granted thereby, which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section are hereby adopted and shall apply to all bonds authorized by the State Bond Commission pursuant to this section, and temporary notes in anticipation of the money to be derived from the sale of any such bonds so authorized may be issued in accordance with said section 3-20 and from time to time renewed. Such bonds shall mature at such time or times not exceeding twenty years from their respective dates as may be provided in or pursuant to the resolution or resolutions of the State Bond Commission authorizing such bonds. None of said bonds shall be authorized except upon a finding by the State Bond Commission that there has been filed with it a request for such authorization which is signed by or on behalf of the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and states such terms and conditions as said commission, in its discretion, may require. Said bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be general obligations of the state and the full faith and credit of the state of Connecticut are pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on said bonds as the same become due, and accordingly and as part of the contract of the state with the holders of said bonds, appropriation of all amounts necessary for punctual payment of such principal and interest is hereby made, and the State Treasurer shall pay such principal and interest as the same become due.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2025	19a-112a(d)
Sec. 2	July 1, 2025	46b-124(d)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2025	54-36n
Sec. 4	October 1, 2025	29-161z
Sec. 5	October 1, 2025	29-161q

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Sec. 6	October 1, 2025	53-206
Sec. 7	October 1, 2025	29-33
Sec. 8	October 1, 2025	29-37a
Sec. 9	October 1, 2025	54-66a
Sec. 10	from passage	PA 13-3, Sec. 84
Sec. 11	July 1, 2025	PA 13-3, Sec. 85

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 3 (b)(3), "any such stolen or missing firearm" was changed to "any such firearm that was stolen or is missing" for consistency with standard drafting conventions; and in Section 8(d), "eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver, issued pursuant to section 29-36f, eligibility certificate for a long gun, issued pursuant to section 29-37p, if any" was changed to "eligibility certificate for a pistol or revolver, issued pursuant to section 29-36f, or eligibility certificate for a long gun, issued pursuant to section 29-37p, as applicable" for clarity and consistency with the provisions of Section 8(c).

PS Joint Favorable Subst.

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